The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.—NO. 1157.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1863. [$6 PER ANNUM.

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Wednesday Morning, Jan. 27, '63.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

From the United States.

RICHMOND, Jan. 26

Lincoln has signed a joint resolution of the Yankee Congress providing for the immediate payment of the army and navy of the United States, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to make an additional issue of $100,000,000 in United States notes.

Gov. Bradford, of Maryland, in response to an appeal of the citizens of that State, asking him to protect their slaves, says: Ordinarily, the militia would be called out, but now that the country is in a state of war, he cannot do so. He says the Administration is honest, and when the war is over loyal sufferers will be compensated.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says "six men who have recently escaped from Fort Sumter represent that great dissatisfaction exists among the troops there, and that they are ready to throw down their arms."

—[*That is a lie.*—ED. BULLETIN.

Col. Wall, recently elected Senator from New Jersey, made a speech last week, in which he said—"Fellow-citizens, I have received at the hands of the Legislature of New Jersey the high and responsible office of Senator of the United States. I go there my friends, (as far as my limited capacities are capable,) to advocate peace on the floor of the Senate."

The small pox is raging in Washington.

A Bill has been introduced in the Yankee Congress, by Mr. Bingham, to free the slaves of Maryland. The Bill grants ten millions of dollars, in thirty-five per cent. bonds, immediately upon the passage by her Legislature of the act, forever prohibiting slavery. Such an act to be passed on or before January 1st, 1865, for immediate emancipation.

Another Steamer In.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 27.

Another steamer from Nassau, with a large and assorted cargo, arrived last night at a Confederate port.

A Terrible Casualty.

RICHMOND, January 27, 8 o'clock, A. M.

About 4 o'clock this morning, while the guard were escorting Yankee prisoners over the Canal Bridge on 8th Street, to the Petersburg Depot, the bridge gave way with a terrible crash and between twenty and thirty Yankees with some of their guards, were precipitated into the canal.

A number are believed to be drowned. Parties are now engaged fishing for their bodies. One has been recovered up to this writing.

SECOND DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, Jan. 27.

The bodies of two Yankees and one Confederate soldiers are all that has been recovered from the canal so far, though about thirty are reported lost.

From Fredericksburg.

RICHMOND, Jan. 27.

Nothing of interest from Fredericksburg to-night. No Yankees on the south bank of the Rappahannock. Burnside will undoubtedly make a forward movement as soon as the roads and temper of his men will permit. The present heavy rain and stormy weather, however, has disconcerted his intended movements.

From Nassau.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 27.

A letter received from Nassau, N. P., by a recent arrival, reports the wreck off Abaco, of the U. S. Transport Ship *Planter*, bound to New Orleans with 250 troops on board.

The vessel is a total wreck but no lives have been lost.

The U. S. Consul has chartered the ship Sallie Bonsall to take the troops to New Orleans.

Latest Northern News.

RICHMOND, Jan. 27.

Hon. A. Oakey Hall delivered an address before the Democratic Association of New York, on the 20th, in the course of which he said that the war period has practically ended, and we are now in a period of conciliation. [Great applause, and cries of peace, peace.] There had been nothing but interference with the Generals in the field; there had not been a military man at the head of the armies, and how could the North ever expect to succeed, in a military point of view, against Jefferson Davis. [Cheers.] If the white men of the North cannot save the Republic, then I would rather have the white men of the North subjugated by white men of the South, than owe the salvation of the North to the negro. [Immense applause, after which three cheers for that sentiment were given.]

Foreign News.

RICHMOND, Jan. 27.

Late foreign news has been received.

The Italian government has received important correspondence relative to a Bourbon conspiracy.

Advices from Mexico represent the Mexicans as thoroughly united in the determination to repulse the invaders. The speeches of the President and Vice-President at the adjournment of the Mexican Congress show honor and patriotism.—The people are fully aroused. They contend that Mexico is a free and independent nation, and that with inexperienced soldiers and citizens the Generals will win fair renown with arms against France, and hand down fresh laurels to posterity. The Mexican Congress has passed an act declaiming the authorities appointed by France as traitors and usurpers. Puebla is growing stronger every day, new troops pouring in. Orteja, a skillful officer is in command.

Something in It.

Something must be foreshadowed by the refusal of abolitionists to exchange papers by the truce boat at Fredericksburg. The correspondent of the *Enquirer*, in his letter from that place, alluding to the fact that papers are withheld, dated 20th inst., says:

"I suppose, however, there must be some news, as there was intense cheering yesterday evening across the river among the Yankees."

Correspondence.

Hermes, the Richmond correspondent of the *Mercury*, under date of January 22, has the following items of general interest:

Yesterday a New Yorker, who left Washington last Friday, arrived here and sought an interview with the President. He was well accredited by letters to prominent Southern gentlemen. He says that the war cannot last ninety days; that the Yankee finances are in extricable confusion; the soldiers in all their armies mutinous, and only waiting to be paid off to disband. Then, says he, will come the hanging of the Lincolnites—and there will be a clean sweep.

From Our Kinston Correspondent.

From the Raleigh State Journal.]

KINSTON, Jan. 25.

Editors State Journal: A refugee from Beaufort has just come into our lines. He appears to be a gentleman of veracity and intelligence. He brings important news from that locality in reference to the movements of the enemy.

He says they are making grand preparations for an early advance against Wilmington, and are only waiting for a Northerly wind to begin their hellish crusade against that city. He informs me that the enemy has two Monitors, six iron-clad gunboats, and eighty-four transports—making in all ninety-four vessels now rendezvousing in Beaufort harbor; and 52,000 troops quartered at Morehead City, and Carolina City. I could give you the gentleman's name, but I deem it advisable to withhold it for the present.

He informs me that the Monitors are the most formidable war vessels ever constructed in this or any other country, the original Monitor which foundered off Hatteras, not excepted. Each of them carries two guns throwing a shot weighing 426 pounds, mounted in a tower made of solid iron, extending several feet above the hull of the vessel, and so arranged that the gunners are not exposed to our fire at any time; and but seventy inches of the vessel's hull is exposed whilst engaged.

Gen. B. H. Robertson has just returned from a reconnoitering expedition below our lines, through the counties of Jones and Onslow. He had a skirmish with the enemy. Capt. Perkins' company ambushed the enemy at Big North East Bride near Jacksonville, killing one Captain and five privates, and losing none of our men.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER FROM NEWBERN.—We have been favored by a friend with the following extract from a letter from Newbern:—*Raleigh Progress.*

The town was a scene of excitement on New Year's day—the great day when Emancipation was to be declared. At an early hour every place of worship was as full as could be crowded with negroes, and the preachers read out to their delighted ears the Emancipation proclamation, and the exultation was too great to be imagined. They have not yet ceased to hold meetings and shout. They are now free, say the masters of the land, and are henceforth to work for themselves, and to receive no further support from the Government. I saw ——— this afternoon. Her servants, who have stayed with her till now, declare their intention to leave. I feel sorry for her, with all those little ones, and she so feeble. You all can know nothing of our trials. To live here requires patience and submission, you would hardly know our once beautiful town. The fences are torn down in every direction, lots and gardens laid open and hasty buildings put up in every direction.

CONSCRIPTION IN FLORIDA.—The Conscription law has been temporarily suspended throughout the State of Florida, in order to allow all persons between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, subject to military duty under said act, a chance to volunteer in companies and regiments of their own choice.

DEEP SNOW.—On Tuesday last snow fell in Wytheville, Virginia, to the depth of fourteen inches.

WANTED.

A situation for a young lad 12 years old—writes a fair hand. Salary sufficient to pay board and clothing is all which will be required. He could be found useful in a Store or Warehouse. Address M. E. H., Box 106. [Jan 28—1t]

NOTICE.

CHARLOTTE, Jan. 27, 1863,

All stragglers from the army, and conscripts of the first call, are required to report in this place between this and the 15th of February.

Conscripts between 35 and 40 are requested to volunteer, to go into service immediately, (without passing through the camp of instruction,) and receive all the benefits of volunteers.

By order of Lieut. Gen. Jackson.

J. G. WITHERSPOON, Capt. Co. K, 30th N. C. T.

P. S.—During my absence apply to Col. Williams. [Jan 28—10t

FOR SALE.

The Toll House and Lot on the Statesville Plank Road, near the property of Jno. J. Blackwood, Esq. Apply to

WM. JOHNSTON.

January 28, 1863 tf

FOR SALE.

Five Hundred Acres of excellent Land, one hundred cleared bottom land, and under cultivation, on the South Fork of the Catawba River, the balance well timbered and known as the Lonergan Place, somewhat improved and a desirable place, is offered for sale.

For terms, &c., apply to E. Lonergan, on the place, or to Dr. G. Caldwell, in Charlotte.

Jan. 27-d18t*.

☞ The Raleigh State Journal and the Columbia, S. C. Guardian, will copy the above five times and send their bills to this office for payment.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of STEVENS, SCHUTT & McLEAN, in the general Cabinet business, is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of I. A. McLEAN. The business will be continued at the same stand by the undersigned, who respectfully solicit a portion of public patronage.

J. H. STEVENS & CO.

January 26, 1863—tf

Headquarters Cavalry Brigade, January 15th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. —.

The General Commanding announces to all absentees from his Brigade, that should they voluntarily report for duty within fifteen days after the publication of this order, that is before the 1st of February next, no charges will be instituted against them for past delinquencies.

This does not include commissioned officers, whose example, in several instances, has been injurious to the men.

By order of Brig. Gen. B. H. Robertson

WM. A. WORTHINGTON, A. D. C.

Jan 21—tf

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The next Term will commence on the 2d of February and continue Twenty-Four weeks.

The Musical Department will be under the direction of Prof. BAUMANN, who has taught successfully in Orangeburg, S. C, and in Charleston. For further particulars address

Rev. R. BURWELL,

Jan 23-6t Charlotte, N. C.

L. T. LEVIN,

Commission Merchant,

SELLS ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

March 14, 1862 1y

Charlotte Foundry

And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above establishment, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other metals made at short notice and reduced prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Works and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Job, Wagon Work, and Horse-Shoeing done with dispatch. Old Iron, Brass and Copper Castings bought at the Foundry or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.

dec 26-tf JOHN M. ROWIS

WANTED.

Three or four good steady Shoe Makers can find regular employment and good wages with WILLIAMS & GRAY.

Jan. 16, '63-tf

QUARTER-MASTER'S OFFICE, CHARLOTTE, Sept. 24, 1862.

WANTED, Fifty thousand pounds SCRAP IRON, for which a liberal price will be paid, by application to thi office.

R. J. ECHOLS, Capt. A. Q. M.

Sep. 25 '62-tf

WANTED,

2 or 3000 lbs. good soft SOAP, for which the cash will be paid, either in Charlotte or at the Factory.

T. R. TATE.

Oct. 3 '62-d w. tf.

HILLSBORO' N. C.

Military Academy.

The FIFTH Academic year of this Institution will commence on the FIRST

WEDNESDAY IN FEBRUARY, 1863.

For information and circular apply to SUPT. H. M. ACADEMY,

Nov 28—3m Hillsboro, N. C.

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY.

Commission Merchants,

At their Old Stand, Trade Street.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Family Groceries.

All orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.

Factories supplied with Cotton, on commission of 50 cents per bale.

J. E. STENHOUSE, ALLEN MACAULAY.

Charlotte, N. C., May 3, 1862—1y

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Two large Store-rooms and one Dwelling House with five rooms, all located near the centre of the town.

Apply at the Branch Bank of North Carolina. Sept. 23, 62—dtf

Double Daily Trains.

CHARLOTTE & SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD. OCTOBER 11, 1862.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS are run over this Road as follows:

Leave Columbia	8.00 A. M.	6.10 P. M.
Arrive Charlotte,	3.30 P. M.	2.00 A. M.
Leave Charlotte,	9.00 A. M.	9.15 P. M.
Arrive Columbia,	4.50 P. M.	5.00 A. M.

The Trains connect at Charlotte with the North Carolina Railroad, forming a double daily connection with Richmond, and at Columbia with the South Carolina Railroad and the Greenville and Columbia Railroad trains.

E. HULBERT, October 11, '62—tf General Superintendent

Headquarters 48th N. C. Regiment, GOLDSBORO, N. C., Dec. 16, 1862.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

All Officers and Soldiers of this Regiment able to join it at this place, will do so immediately. Those whose sick leaves have expired and are still unfit for duty must come here to have them renewed.—Those unable to travel will forward certificates to that effect.

Failing in this their names will be furnished to the Colonels of Militia for arrest and confinement at Raleigh for trial as deserters.

Certificates of unfitness for duty will not exempt the holder from reporting in person.

By order of Col. R. C. Hill.

J. R. WINCHESTER, Act. Adjt.

Jan 22—10t.

Headquarters 48th N. C. Reg't, GOLDSBORO', N. C., Jan. 17, 1863.

The following named absentees are notified to join their Companies at this post without delay, being absent without leave, or having remained absent beyond their furloughs:

COMPANY A	J Madden
Privates I E Huntley	S A Rogers
M W H Price, of Union co.	R Burns
	A Cross
COMPANY B	L L Hessler
Priv'ts D W Conrad	J Newsom
Wm Fritz	S H Scarlet
J W Headrick	W D Sinder
J Terry	J W Wood
A Wilkerson, of Davidson co.	J B Abernathy
	J W West, of Chatham co.
COMPANY C	COMPANY H
Priv'ts H S Arthurs	Priv'ts A S Bryant
W H Boyer	J K Lambeth
A J Cashion	S Fisher
D Clodfelter	N Horn
C A Earnhardt	W Johnson
J A M Gibson	H Leonard
J S Leonard	R Leonard
D Keistles	S F Myers
T A Murdock	L Loman
J W Orbison	S Fallyers
O S Plyler	J Miller, of Davidson co.
D Scroggs	
T B Sherrill	COMPANY I
J T Torrence, of Iredell co.	Priv'ts W E Mullis
	Wm McGlammery
COMPANY D	J Skipper
Corp'l J M Dictor	B H Wright, of Union county
Priv'ts J C Richardson	
D Richardson	COMPANY K
J Wood	Priv'ts E D Spach
H A Spence	F Smith
S Craven	J B Bodenhamer
E Wallace	L Garboden
W Williamson, of Moore co.	A Crouch
	J Mendenhall
COMPANY E	P B Mustin
Priv'ts C W Anderson	N Brown
J Davis	W Kapp
M King	W Standiford
J Lee	A T Joyner
H J Yarborough, of Union co.	E Hauser
	S Venable
COMPANY F	H Crouch
Priv'ts T McDowell	S Green
W Evans	R Green
L R Ferguson	J Atwood
G S Richardson	F L Reynolds
P Wolf	R Smith
T Fowler of Union co.	N Moab
	W Speech, of Forsythe co.
COMPANY G	
Priv'ts J Y Field	
T A Holt	

Hospital Steward, L L Johnson

These men must be at this post within ten days after the publication of this order, or they will be reported as deserters.

By order of Col. R. C. HILL:

J. R. WINCHESTER, Act, Adj't.

Jan 22, 1863—10t

TO THE LADIES.

NEW PARIS STYLES!!—NEW PARIS STYLES!!!

WE would call the particular attention of the Ladies to our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, which is presenting a great variety of attractive styles. Our Bonnet Frames are of the latest and most approved Paris styles, *Our Own Importation.* Our stock of Materials is the largest and best assorted and selected in the Confederacy.

The whole department is under the immediate supervision of our Head Milliner, Miss Kerr, late of Charleston, a lady of acknowledged refined taste; the press of business in the line has compelled us to make an addition to our force of Milliners and we have been most fortunate in the selection of Miss Hogan—also of Charleston. Having now, such a fine stock and so large a force to work it up we will be enabled to fill any order with dispatch.

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Charlotte, Nov. 28 '62-dtf.

ELEGANCE AND COMFORT.

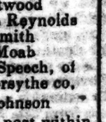
The Undersigned have this morning opened a fine assortment of Dark Colored, Small Figured Perkales Prints selected to please please the most fastidious taste. Also Heavy Himalayan Shawls or Cassimere Plush, (something entirely new) and Heavy Fine Long and Square Shawls.

These goods are of entirely new styles, having run the blockade within the last three weeks. Call soon at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Dec. 11, '62-tf

Wheat and Corn Wanted.



THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their interest to call at the STORE & SALE.

JOHN WILKES & CO. Charlotte Flour Mill.

aug 1, 1860-1y

FLOUR MILL

FOR SALE.

The subscriber having entered into a contract for building the Rail Road from Danville to Greensboro, is desirous of devoting his whole time to that work, and offers his STEAM MILL for sale. The property is situated in the town of Charlotte, on the North Carolina Rail Road, has six run of Mill Stones and the Flour manufactured has a high reputation throughout the Southern Confederacy.

It has also a Barrel Factory, with improved Machinery, and Cooper shops attached, which will be sold with the Mill or separately.

JOHN WILKES.

August 28, '62—tf.

Charleston Mercury and Courier, Augusta Constitutionalist, Columbia Guardian and Carolinian, Richmond Enquirer, Raleigh Standard, will advertise for one month and send bills to this office.

HURRAH FOR THE CAMPS.

Just received this morning, from the blockade, Fine Tooth Combs, all sizes also English Dressing Combs.

For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

AD 28, 1862—3

JAMES G. BAILIE & BRO.

OFFER FOR SALE AT THEIR

CARPET AND OIL CLOTH WAREROOMS 208 BROAD STREET

AUGUSTA, GA.,

A full assortment of the following Goods:

ENGLISH, VELVET & MEDALLIAN CARPETINGS,
ENGLISH BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY CARPETINGS,
ENGLISH VENICIAN CARPETINGS,
HEARTH RUGS,
DOOR MATS,
CARPET BINDINGS,
CARPET TACKS
STAIR CARPETINGS AND STAIR RODS,
COCOA MATTINGS AND HASSOCKS,
WHITE & RED CHECK'D INDIA MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES, in all sizes, and TRIMMINGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, from 3 to 18 feet wide,
CURTAIN DAMASKS and SATIN DELAINES,
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS AND BANDS, WINDOW CORNICES, LOOPS, TASSELS, GIMP, &C.,
WALL PAPER, BORDERS, FIRE SCREENS, a Full Supply of CORN BROOMS AND WATER BUCKETS.

☞ Fourteen Fine Pianos in Chickering, Hasseltin's, Gilbert's, Gales', Fisher's, Nuns & Clark's, and other good Makers.

FOR SALE BY JAMES G. BAILIE & BRO.,

Dec. 2 '62—3m* Augusta, Ga.

Family Flour for Sale.

AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.

Also, MEAL and GRIST.

JOHN WILKES, Charlotte Flour Mills.

aug 1, 1860-1y

DESERTED.

$80 REWARD.

CHARLOTTE HOSPITAL, Sept. 25th, 1862.

PRIVATE LORENZO D. MURPHY, Company D, 25th R. O. Regiment, deserted from the Charlotte Hospital on the 16th ult. Said man is lurking around Charlotte or surrounding country pretending to be enlisting recruits. When he left he had on a grey infantry uniform. He is about six feet one or two inches high, black hair, and dark complexion, and stoops a little when walking.

The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery at the Charlotte Jail.

E. E. GREGORY, Act. Asst. Surgeon, C. S. A., in charge Sept 26, '62—tf Charlotte Hospital.

NOTICE.

All Freight charges not advanced within the last two months, will be increased 25 per centum on the Charlotte & South Carolina and Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Roads on and after the 6th instant. All Agents will act accordingly.

WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

Oct. 3, 1862—tf

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, French Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Indigo, Castile Soap, Sup. Carb Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red Rose Leaves (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents a pound will be paid by

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co., Charlotte, June 3—tf Druggist.

Payment of State Bounty Due Deceased Soldiers.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, N. C., ADJUTANT GEN'S OFFICE, Raleigh, Oct. 17, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 9.

The following regulations are published for the information of those persons wishing to draw bounty of deceased soldiers, in accordance with an ordinance of the Convention ratified the 22d day of February, 1862:

REGULATIONS.

1. The payment of bounty to the representatives of deceased soldiers is hereby confer of the company, who will state the time of the enlistment of the soldier, the date of his decease in service, the amount of bounty already paid by the State, and the company and regiment to which he belonged.

2. The claimant will make affidavit before a magistrate that he or she is the next kin to the deceased, according to the provisions of the foregoing ordinance of the Convention, and that there is no other person entitled to make claim. The affidavit of the claimant must be sustained by that of one disinterested witness, that the facts stated are correct within his own knowledge and that he has no interest in the claim. The magistrate administering the oath will certify to the credibility of the the witness, and the clerk of the County Court will certify, under seal, that he is an authorized and acting magistrate.

3. If the claimant or claimants be minors, payment will be made to the guardian, upon the production of the proper certificate under the seal of the Court, of his appointment and the sufficiency of his bond—the claim to be proved by him as in other cases.

4. A bounty of fifty dollars, deducting the bounty that may have been previously paid, is due to all persons who may have volunteered for three years or the war, and to all persons mustered into or continued in service under the provisions of the Conscription Act.

By order of Governor Vance,

J. G. MARTIN, Adjutant General.

Oct. 31,'62-3t.

Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road.

Stockholders desiring their stock dividend will leave their original certificate with me. The coupons due upon the Bonds of this Company on the 1st of July will be paid on presentation to the undersigned.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

June 2, 1862—tf

SHOES! SHOES!!

Children, Misses and Ladies ENGLISH BOOTS.

Ladies Lasting Gaiters, size 1 to 6,

Ladies Goat Leather Buskins,

Have arrived and for sale at

KAHNWEILERS & BROS.

August 23 '62—tf

ATLANTIC, TENN. & OHIO RAIL ROAD.

THE TRAINS on this Road will, on and after Monday next, leave 3rd Creek, (head of Road,) at 2:30, A. M., and return to that Station 10 minutes later than at present.

E. HURLBERT, Gen'l Supt.

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.

RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Liquors, Canton Teas Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell here after for cash. [May 4, 1861-tf

JUST TO HAND.

Those Heavy Blue Cotton Drills and Bleach Huckaback Diapers.

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Dec. 11-dtf.

Office Charlotte & S. C. R. R. Co.

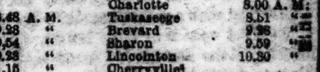
CHARLOTTE, Dec. 8, 1862.

The semi annual dividend of this Company will be paid on application at this office. The Coupons and Bonds due January next will also be paid on presentation to the undersigned.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

Dec 8, 1862—tf

Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail Road.



ON and after the 10th of November, the Passenger Train will be run on this Road (Western Division) daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

GOING WEST.:

ARRIVE		LEAVE
	Charlotte	8.00 A. M.
8.48 A. M.	Tuskaseege	8.51 "
9.38 "	Brevard	9.38 "
9.54 "	Sharon	9.59 "
10.28 "	Lincolnton	10.30 "
11.15 "	Cherryville	

GOING EAST:

ARRIVE		LEAVE
	Cherryville,	12 M.
12.45 P. M.	Lincolnton	12.55 P. M.
1.19 "	Sharon	1.24 "
1.50 "	Brevard	1.58 "
2.25 "	Tuskaseege	2.28 "
3.15 "	Charlotte	

Passengers are required in all cases, without exception, to purchase tickets, wherever there are ticket agents, and also to furnish the right change, as the Company cannot procure change for every one. An omission to do either subjects the party to an extra charge of 25 cents, which the conductor is strictly required to collect.

By Order,

V. A. McBEE, Acting Master of Transportation.

Lincolnton, Oct. 30, 1862.

YOUNG NEGRO MAN FOR SALE.

Very valuable, sound, active and strong. Inquire at the Charlotte Bank.

October 18, 1862—tf

Notice.

OFFICE CHARLOTTE & S. C. R. R. CO., COLUMBIA, Nov. 15, 1862.

The Through Passenger Fare on this Road, on and after the 18th inst., will be SIX DOLLARS, and the local rates corresponding.

E. HULBERT, Nov 17, 1862—tf Gen'l Sup't

TOBACCO.

We have the regular Kinnakanick TOBACCO, which to smoke makes man forget to sin, pay his debts, kiss his wife and become charitable.

We have, also, the regular Joe Peeps celebrated Brandywine and knight templar Chewing Tobacco, which Joe, himself, by chewing, lived over a hundred years, and was finally sent to the court of Louis Napoleon to intercede for the young Confederacy. WILLIAMS & GRAY.

January 16, 1863—tf

PALMETTO IRON WORKS,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

WILLIAM GLAZE, Proprietor. GEORGE A. SHIELDS, Foreman.

MANUFACTURES STEAM ENGINES of any power desired, for Mills and Plantation purposes, at short notice, having at all times on hand some finished, or in a forward state. In connection with our Mill and Engine Work, we have secured the services of Mr. JOHN CRABTREE, who is one of the best Millwrights in the country.

CORN MILLS.

I am agent for one of the best PORTABLE MILLS now in use, and can furnish any size wanted. Persons wishing the Mills are invited to call at the Works, and witness the operation of the one now in use. The Mill-rock, which is the very best, is procured from Edgefield, S. C., and the Mills are built complete at our Establishment.

BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS.

All descriptions of BRASS and IRON CASTINGS executed in the very best manner, and at short notice, as we cast every day in the week. Our stock of patterns is very large, having recently purchased all those formerly owned by C. W. Wright, which being added to those made at my Establishment for the past five years, makes the assortment more full than any other like establishment in the State.

CIRCULAR SAWS.

I am agent for R. Hoe & Co's celebrated CIRCULAR SAWS, and also for a manufacturer of the same article in Richmond, Va. A full supply of these SAWS, of all sizes, always on hand. Persons wishing them, will do well to call on me, as I make no charge for fitting them to the mandrels.

OLD SAWS RE-TOOTHED.

I have a GUMMING MACHINE on hand, and am prepared to re-tooth old saws, making them as good as new.

Wire Bailing.

I am agent for one of the largest Wire Bailing Companies at the North, and will furnish WINDOW GUARDS, GALLERIES, VERANDAHS, BEDSTEADS, or any description of Wire Work, at the book prices of the manufacturer, which can be seen at my office.

Jan 11, 1863-tf WILLIAM GLAZE

A Cook and Washer Wanted.

A experienced COOK, Washer and Ironer will find a permanent situation on application at this office.

MILLINERY GOODS.

Received per Steamer—from—

Ladies English STRAW BONNETS,
Donstable and Split Straw Hats,
Misses and Ladies Nymph Hats,
Misses and Ladies Isabella Hats,
Misses and Ladies Catharine Hats,
Misses and Ladies Sylph Hats,
Misses and Ladies Westend riding Hats,
Misses and Ladies Jockey and Zouave Hats,
Boys English Straw Hats.

Just received and for sale at the fashionable Bazaar of

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

August 23, '62—tf

PROSPECTUS OF THE CHARLESTON MERCURY

A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND LITERARY NEWSPAPER

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY

THE Mercury gives daily reports of the Markets and Marine Intelligence in Charleston, and of Charleston commerce in the leading seaports of the world. The Weekly Prices Current is made up with much care, and from the most reliable sources. Its connection with the "Associated Telegraph and the earliest news by Steamers from Europe. It has an able and accomplished Correspondent in London (a gentleman connected with the editorial staff of the London Times,) and regular Correspondents in New York, Washington, Key West and Havana. The monthly *New York Fashion Letters* and weekly letters on Life in Washington are additional attractions in favor of its lady readers. Its literary notices, from the pen of a gentleman who occupies perhaps the highest position among the literary men of the South, are discriminating and comprehensive. Attention is paid to all matters of general concern, especially those in reference to the Planting and Agricultural interest, and to the current news of the day. Great care is taken that nothing shall appear in its columns which should be excluded from the family circle.

The political creed of the MERCURY consists in the principles of the Democratic Party, as laid down in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1798 and 1799—the Sovereignty of the States, a strict construction of the Federal Constitution by the General Government, the agent of the States; Free Trade, and an economical Administration of the Government. Its policy is the Union of the Southern States in maintaining their rights.

Terms—Payable in Advance.

DAILY, per annum.....$10.00
TRI-WEEKLY.....5.00

Clubs will be furnished as follows:

Five Copies of the DAILY for.....$40.00.
Five Copies of the TRI-WEEKLY.....20.00

The name of no person out of Charleston will be entered on our books, unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance. Nor will orders from without the city to publish Advertisements, Marriage Notices, or Obituaries, be attended to, unless the cash, or an acceptable City reference, accompany the order. Money may always be forwarded at our risk in registered letters.

POSTMASTERS are authorized to act as our Agents in obtaining subscribers and forwarding the money; and by sending us *Five* DAILY subscribers, with $25 enclosed, we will send *Four* subscribers, with $25 enclosed, will be entitled to an *extra copy*; or if preferred, they may retain *Twenty per cent.* of the pre-payments, for their trouble and in lieu of the extra paper.

Out of South Carolina, no person whatever is authorised to collect debts already due to the MERCURY.

In the State Mr. SAMUEL B. BURGESS is our regular Agent to make collections and procure new business and subscriptions.

In Charleston, Mr. JAMES D. BURNS, connected with the office, is our regular authorized collector who has full power to receipt for money now due the paper and to contract for future business.

Subscribers and others, in debt to us, are urgently requested to send in our dues by mail at the earliest period. By so doing, they will save us twenty per cent, an amount equivalent to a principal portion of the profits.

☞ EDITORS in the State and throughout the South, who receive our TRI-WEEKLY for these terms, are requested to suspend publication, as for the difference in value by inserting this Prospectus.

R. B. RHETT, JR.

No. 4 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C

PROSPECTUS OF THE RALEIGH STATE JOURNAL.

ON and after the 1st day of November next, the STATE JOURNAL will be published

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

The DAILY STATE JOURNAL will contain all the news received up to the latest hour before mailing, and will consist of TWO EDITIONS DAILY. The MORNING EDITION will contain the news by the evening mail, and all TELEGRAPHIC NEWS up to 10 o'clock the previous night, and will be supplied to city subscribers and sent by the mails North and East; the EVENING EDITION will be printed at 3 o'clock, p. m., and will contain the additional news by Telegraph up to 2 o'clock, p. m., and will be sent to subscribers by the trains West and by the Fayetteville mail. Thus subscribers, no matter in what direction they may live, will have the news up to the departure of the mails.

Arrangements have been made to procure TELEGRAPH NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE CONFEDERACY, expressly for the State Journal. GENERAL NEWS BY MAIL will be promptly published. The MARKETS will be fully reported. RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS will be secured, in the Army and elsewhere. The LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS will be reported daily by competent Reporters. The STATE JOURNAL will be essentially a NEWSPAPER.

TERMS:

For the DAILY—12 months, $6; 6 months, $3.00; 3 months, $2; 1 month, $1.

For the TRI-WEEKLY—12 months, $4; 6 months, $2.50; 3 months, $1.50.

For the WEEKLY—12 months, $2; 6 months, $1.50.

ADVERTISING RATES.

1 square,	1 day,	$0.50	
1 do	2 days,	0.75	
1 do	3 days,	1.00	
1 do	4 days,	1.25	
1 square,	1 week,	1.75	
1 do	2 weeks,	2.50	
1 do	1 month,	3.00	

Ten lines make a square.

☞ Advertisements for the Daily will be inserted in the Tri-Weekly FREE OF CHARGE. This is an inducement which cannot fail to attract the attention of Advertisers.

The above rates apply only to the daily paper. Advertisements will be inserted in the Weekly paper at the usual regular rates, viz: One dollar per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

Address, JNO. SPELLMAN, Editor and Proprietor, Oct 17, 1862—tf Raleigh, N. C.

PROSPECTUS OF THE STATE JOURNAL.

HAVING become the proprietor of the *Democratic Press*, I have merged that paper into the STATE JOURNAL, which will be published Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

The STATE JOURNAL will advocate Democratic principles in the broadest sense, and will support and defend Democratic measures and their advocates as they are presented, and as occasion may require. In other essentials it will be my aim to make the paper what its name denotes, a State Journal—eschewing all sectional considerations and working for the entire State and her common interests.

The terms in arrangements can be made, the whole paper shall be re-modeled and printed with new type, on good paper, and in a superior manner.

The Editorial department will be properly attended to in its various branches, and will speak for itself. Neither labor nor expense will be spared in the management of the paper.

The terms of the State Journal will be as follows:

Semi-Weekly, per annum.....$4.00
Weekly.....2.00

These terms will be insisted upon inexorably in advance. No name will be put upon the list without the money, and all papers will be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid, unless the subscription be renewed. I am satisfied, from years of experience, that upon no other footing can any newspaper hope to succeed.

Advertisements of a proper character will be inserted at the following rates:

One square, first insertion.....$100
Each subsequent insertion.....50 cents.

A liberal reduction on these rates for yearly advertisers in the Semi-Weekly. In the Weekly advertising the full rates will be charged.

JOHN SPELLMAN, Nov. 27, 1862. Editor and Proprietor.

Book and Job Printing OF EVERY GRADE AND STYLE,

Neatly Executed at this office.

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

DAILY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $6.00.
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $4.00.
CATAWBA JOURNAL, (per annum) $1.00.

☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE

☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, payable in advance.

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

Special Correspondence of the Bulletin.]

HEADQUARTERS M. RANGERS,
Camp Galloway, near Washington, N.C.
January 26, 1863.

Mr. Editor:—There is no excitement in this region. On Thursday night last a small raft or flat came up the river from Washington which appeared to have on a cargo of negroes. It was reported here last week that the Yankees informed the negroes that they would have to look elsewhere for provisions as they could not afford to feed them any longer. This is supposed to be the cause of the appearance of this boat in the river. The swamp at this place is very wide—about one and a half miles to three miles in width—and in such a condition that neither man nor horse can pass through. We could have captured the cargo if there had been any possible chance to have cut them off. As soon as provisions get very scarce in the town I think we will be able to send West a few hundred negroes, where they are needed, as the prices paid show that they are in great demand.

It is reported that the enemy are leaving Washington and going to Newbern. Why this change I do not know. They have placed them in rather small bounds. I do not think that their territory covers many acres. It seems as if the canal around the town is their boundary, as it is very seldom they come beyond it.

A report has just come down the line of the capture of three Yankees by Captain Whitford's company. The prisoners report that *five* Governors from Northern States was either in Newbern, or sent there and ordered their men home. They say that there is much dissatisfaction in the army on the coast, provisions are getting very scarce and that the soldiers are on half rations. It appears, from the account given by three men, that the enemy are in a critical condition. They have no doubt lost many of their vessels during the late storm. In fact, the weather has been quite stormy for a week past and does not appear at present as if it was going to clear soon.

We have been trying to get a chance at the noted White Horse (Yankee) company for sometime, but it appears that we can give them no inducement to leave the town. The M. R.'s have tried every plan, as they would like to own them. Failing in this, the young ladies of the neighborhood concluded to give us a party that we might have some amusement to drive away dull care. On last Friday night all the beauty, gaiety and nimble footed assembled at Col. Caraway's. Such an assemblage never met before in this region—all were at home at the Colonels. As soon as the room was lighted up the music commenced,—the band playing Dixie—and the order was given and soon was heard the command, set to your partners. Then it was that life and beauty sparkled; then it was that many of the M. R.'s for the first time was taken captive. Whether the young ladies will parole them or not is very doubtful.—They may place them in prison bounds.—About the hour of eleven, supper was announced. A table, something new to many of us, filled with all the dainties and delicacies, such as would refresh the inner man appeared in the distance. Soon it was surrounded, the queen of the evening at the head and the little angels interspersing,—Here the soldier was not a soldier for a short time, but in his original element forgetting the hardships of the past and enjoying the *sweets* of the present.

The company is now enjoying fine health—there is not one case of sickness in it. The members have enjoyed better health since they left the camp than they ever had before. Nothing more.

HAL.

The Finances of the Northern Government.

LETTER FROM HON. ROBERT J. WALKER.

The Northern papers publish a very long and elaborate letter from Hon. Robert J. Walker—Secretary of the Treasury, we believe, under President Polk—on the national finances. The following extracts from his letter shows the depletion of Mr. Chase's exchequer, and the financial straits of the Yankee nation:

Our national finances are involved in extreme peril. Our public debt exceeds $720,000,000, and is estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury, on the first of July next, at $1.122,297,403, and on the first of July, 1864, at $1,744,685,586. When we reflect that this is nearly one-half the debt of England, and bearing almost double the rate of interest, it is clear that we are approaching a fatal catastrophe. Nor is this the most alarming symptom. Gold now commands a premium of thirty-two per cent. as compared with legal tender Treasury notes, and, with largely augmented issues, must rise much higher, with a corresponding increase of our debt and expenditures.

Indeed, should the war continue, and there be no other alternative than additional Treasury notes, they will, before the close of the next fiscal year, fail to command forty cents on the dollar in gold, and our debt exceed several billions of dollars. This would result from an immense redundancy and depreciation of currency, and from the alarm created here and in Europe as to the maintainance of the Union, and the ultimate solvency of the Government. Indeed, our enemies, at home and abroad, the rebels and their allies in the North and in Europe, already announce impending national bankruptcy and repudiation, and there are many devoted patriots who fear such a catastrophe.

That the danger is imminent is a truth which must not be disguised. Here lies the great peril of the government. It is not the rebel armies that can ever overthrow the Union. It is the alarming increase of the public debt and expenditures, and the still more appalling depreciation of the national currency, that most imperil the great republic.

In another place, he says:

On also with the necessary measures in Congress to save our finances from ruin, arrest the depreciation of our national currency, and restore the public credit. We are upon the verge of ruin. We are hanging over the gulf of an irredeemable paper system, and its spectral shade, repudiation, is seen dimly in the dark abyss. The present Congress may save us; but what of the next? Would they, if they could? Who can answer? Can they, if they would? No! no! It will then be too late. Never did any representative assembly encounter so fearful a responsibility as the present Congress.

CHARLOTTE.

Thursday Morning, Jan. 29, '63.

☞ For Telegraph News see first page.

Snow in Charlotte.

Yesterday morning the inhabitants of this quiet town on emerging from their feather beds discovered that nature had, during the night covered creation with a virgin veil.

The fleecy element had fallen rapidly and although the public thoroughfares exhibited only slight signs of what had taken place, the trees, house-tops and garden spots advised that the Fairy Goddess had been busy in adorning decayed and decaying things. Snow continued to fall during the major portion of yesterday.

☞ We regret to learn that in consequence of the Small Pox prevailing at Smithville, the people of that town are suffering considerably for the want of provisions.

Piety in a General.

The Chaplain of the Fifth Kentucky Regiment writes of Kirby Smith:

Before going into the battle at Richmond, Ky., he spent a season alone in his tent in prayer. When the battle was over, he returned to his hut, and gave thanks to God for the victory. When at Lexington, Ky., the minister at the Episcopal Church refused to officiate on thanksgiving day, and Gen. Smith arose, read a chapter, led in prayer, and finished the services. In the Kentucky campaign Gen. Smith was the only General who succeeded in this part of the programme.

The way the Yankees Elect Senators.

The following paragraph from the Philadelphia *Inquirer* of the 14th, will give our readers some idea of the manner in which Northern Senators are elected:

One fact is certain. Any Democrat voting for Simon Cameron would have been annihilated. If this had not taken place on the spot, it would have occurred within twenty-four hours. Of the four or five hundred men in the galleries, every one was provided with a printed handbill, having inscribed upon it in large letters, the names of all the Democratic members.—This was referred to when each vote was given. There is reason to believe that many of the visitors were armed. Rumor has it that as the vote of one member, who was considered "doubtful," was about to be given, a stalwart stranger stepped to his side and held the position until the choice was announced. He would have been a bold man who would have dared to excite the ire of that stalwart individual.

Christmas in the North.

A letter from a Northern city, after giving the Yankee Administration several claps of double distilled patent thunder, comes down on the Yankee preachers in this style:

"Except in the Catholic and Episcopal Churches, I believe there were no services in commemoration of the Saviour's birth, or in honor of the day on which the shepards, guided by the angel who brought the "glad tidings of great joy," found the child of Bethlehem cradled in a manger. This is not a matter of surprise, since much the larger portion of the Protestant clergy, having soiled their robes in the muddy pool of politics, have virtually ceased to preach Christ crucified as the Redeemer of the world, to become fomenters of strife and discord, contemners of law, abettors of disunion and teachers of rebellion against Heaven, under the false pretense of philanthropy towards a heathen race. In their idolatry, they are as deaf as adders to that Divine message which sounds down the ages from the hills of peaceful Galilee, as received by His disciples from the lips of Him whose mission was, "peace on earth, good will to men"—that message which proclaims a blessing to "the peacemakers," who "shall be called the children of God." Nothing less than the thunders of Sinai could startle them from the stupor of infidelity, to heed the voice of Him who spake as never man spake, saying, "how wilt thou say to thy brethren, let me pull out the mote out of thine eye; and behold, thou hast a beam in thine own eye? out of thine own, and then thou shalt see clearly to cast out the mote of thy brother's eye."

Rosencranz's Army.

The Louisville *Journal*, of a late date, says, "it is officially informed that the army of the Cumberland is at present supplied with subsistence in sufficient quantity to meet its wants until the 25th instant, even should it be cut off immediately from its source of supply. The Cumberland river is now open to navigation, however, and there need be no fear indulged that our victorious army at Murfreesboro' will suffer from a lack of subsistence."

It appears, however, that the navigation of the Cumberland is not to be controlled by Rosenerans's, transports or gunboats. Gens. Forrest and Wheeler have captured and destroyed the gunboats and the transports, and not satisfied with this, have also applied the torch to a million of dollars worth of food, which had been landed at Harpeth Shoals. Last Sunday was the 25th. To-day is the 27th. If the army of Rosencrans have had nothing to eat since Sunday, they are now beginning to feel the pinchings of hunger, and before the close of the week it would not surprise us to hear that they had commenced a retrograde movement.—*Petersburg Express.*

The Hon. Wm. A. Richardson, newly elected a Senator in the Congress of the United States, from Illinois, and at present a member of the Yankee House of Representatives, has made an exceedingly defiinant speech in the latter assembly.

He assails the Administration violently on every point of the late Message. "Sir," says he, "it is a remarkable document—an extraordinary message when we come to think of its sum and substance. To feed, to clothe, buy, and colonize the negro, we are to tax and mortgage the white man and his children. The white race is to be burdened to the earth for the benefit of the black race. A friend of mine from New England, the other day, made a mathematical analysis of the message. He said one from one and nought remains. Nought from nought and the message remains." A mathematical calculation, by the way, which no man of sense will dispute, and was received with roars of laughter.

He compares the position of Lincoln now, with his inaugural address, from which he concludes a verdict of the most shameless duplicity. The worst disunionist, says he, is Abraham Lincoln; the best blow for the rebellion—his proclamation of free-niggeration. He is particularly severe on the political arrests of the last eighteen months. There is no excuse for them, says Mr. Richardson. "I care not whether you take the case of the old man like Mahoney, tottering to the grave, or the little boy in New England who sells newspapers for a living; or men of high and spotless character and devoted fidelity to the laws, like Judge Duff, of Illinois; or the unfortunate boy who was confined in Camp Chase, who could not pay his washer woman's bill, and was, therefore, accused of disloyal practices; or take the men of intellect, like Edson B. Olds, of Ohio, or the unlearned squirrel hunter, from my friend's (Mr Robinson's) district, who did not know but that Jeff. Davis and Lincoln were on the same side; or the intermediate between those extremes—there is no one of them that could not have been tried in the place where the offence was said to have been committed; and, if found guilty, correct public sentiment would have seen that the penalties of the law were fully enforced upon them."

Mr Richardson closes by saying "our people want peace." It is a dismal cry, and it sounds very much like a sincere cry. If they cannot get a reconstruction, they want at least a cessation of hostilities.

We regard this speech as a strong revolutionary signal from the North-West. Its author is a man of great popularity, and very considerable pretentions to the position to which he has been elevated. A rough, uncouth man, of dissolute and dirty habits, he is a man of courage, of force and of native shrewdness. He was the nominee of the democratic party for Speaker of the House of Representatives, in 1855 when Banks was elected, the nominee of the same party for Governor of Illinois in the year following, when he was again defeated. He was the ardent personal friend and political champion of Judge Douglas, and consented at his request, to accept a seat in the lower House of the present Congress. He positively declined the offer of a Brigadier-Generalship, made him by Lincoln, when the war began, and has steadily voted against the administration ever since.

MORE GUNS FOR GENERAL BRAGG.—The Louisville *Journal* of a recent date says:

Four complete batteries were shipped from Indianapolis on Jan. 6th, to supply the place of those lost in action at Murfreesboro. and large supplies of arms and ammunition were forwarded on the same day from Columbus, Ohio.

Let them come on with these guns.—Bragg's army is waiting for the thieves to bring them. We do not stand in any special need of them as guns—having enough of these playthings on hand. Iron, however, is somewhat scarce and costly with us, and they will do to plate gunboats with, or at any rate, make pot metal.—*Express.*

We have no tidings of the enemy on our coast, farther than the report brought to Goldsboro' yesterday, by a "respectable refugee from Beaufort." It has been heretofore stated that the Abolition fleet was waiting at that port for favorable weather to make a move on Wilmington. If such is really the case, they have had at least one day (yesterday) of calm, warm weather, and so far, to-day has been equally as pleasant. They may have already made a start, it so, they may be looked for in a day or two. A short time, say 24 hours will probably settle the matter.

Wilmington Journal, 26th inst.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

CAMP HILL, N. C., Jan. 23, 1863.

At a called meeting of the officers of the 42d Regiment of N. C. Troops, in camp near Weldon, N. C, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas Almighty God in His infinite wisdom has seen good to remove from our midst, by the hand of disease, our brother ALFRED W. CRISCO,

Resolved, That in the death of Lieut. Crisco the Regiment has been deprived of the services of an efficient and brave officer, and the community where he lived of the example of a true and loyal citizen.

Resolved, That coming from a distant State and enlisting as a private in the ranks and being promoted to a Lieutenancy by the members of his company, is proof of the regard of his company, and that they deeply deplore his untimely death.

Resolved, That we tender our sincere sympathies to his stricken relatives and friends.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased and also to the Editors of the Charlotte Bulletin, Salisbury Watchman, and Raleigh State Journal with a request that they copy the same.

Resolved, That we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

LT. COL. JOHN E. BROWN, Chair.
Sergt. Major FARMER, Sec.

☞ The Raleigh State Journal and Salisbury Watchman please copy.

GOLDSBORO', NORTH CAROLINA.
JANUARY 23D, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 5.

I. Commanders of Brigades will give to the officers detailed for recruiting service, (one from each Company,) special instructions to arrest and forward to their Companies all enlisted men absent without competent authority.

II A full pardon, except as to forfeiture of pay for the period of unauthorized absence, is hereby proclaimed to all enlisted men, absent without leave, who may voluntarily return to their respective commands on or before the 10th day of February next.

III. All enlisted men who do not voluntarily return within the time specified, and all who shall after this date absent themselves from their commands without proper authority, will be charged with desertion and tried by the new Military Court now in session. If found guilty, they will be sentenced to death, whether present or absent, and commanders will be ordered to execute the sentence wherever the condemned can be arrested.

IV. In Companies all the enlisted men of which are present for duty, except those absent under legal orders or upon regular sick-leave, Division, District and Department Commanders are authorized to grant furloughs, at the rate of one for every twenty-five men present for duty in each company, and for periods which, deducting the time necessary for travel, will permit the parties to remain at home fourteen days. Whenever they are authorized by the facts to append a certificate, which will be required in every instance, that no enlisted man of the Company is absent without competent authority. Company and Regimental Commanders will forward, through the regular channels, at the rate and upon the conditions above specified, recommendations of the men most meritorious and deserving of furlough.

V. All enlisted men who overstay their regular furlough, or those granted as above, will be immediately arrested on their return, an examination made into the circumstances of each case, and the facts reported to the Brigade Commander, who will either punish the delinquent, cause charges to be preferred, or return him to duty unpunished, as the circumstances of the case may in his judgment require.

VI. Major A. F. Cone, Chief Quartermaster, will cause these orders to be advertised once a week, for three weeks, in every newspaper published in North Carolina, and in the newspapers published in Columbia, Anderson, Greenville and Yorkville, South Carolina.

By Command of Maj. Gen. G. W. Smith.
SAM. W. MELTON,
Major and A. A. Gen.

A PROCLAMATION

BY ZEBULON B. VANCE,

Governor of the State of North Carolina.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that a large number of soldiers from our armies are absent from their colors without proper leave, in this the hour of our greatest need, and it being confidently believed that a large majority of such were impelled to this course by a natural and almost irresistible desire to see their homes and friends once more after so long an absence, and not because of a cowardly determination to leave their brave comrades to share all the dangers and hardships of the field alone; and whereas, Major Gen. G. W. Smith, in command of the Department of North Carolina, by consent of the Secretary of War, has published an order declaring that all who may voluntarily return to duty by the 10th day of February next, shall be received into their several commands with no other punishment than a forfeiture of their pay for the time they have been so absent without leave; and declaring farther that all who do not so return by the said 10th day of February, shall when apprehended, be tried for desertion, and upon conviction, be made to suffer death:

Now therefore, I ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do issue this my proclamation to all soldiers from this State, serving in the armies of the Confederacy, who are now illegally absent from their colors, commanding them to return to duty with their comrades, and exhorting them to avail themselves of this opportunity of saving their friends from the disgrace and infamy which will cling forever to the name of a deserter from his country's cause, and themselves from a felon's death. Many, after carrying their country's flag in triumph through various bloody conflicts and making themselves a name, of which their children's children might have been justly proud, have forfeited it all by absenting themselves at a moment when their own State is invaded and about to be desolated by a brutal, half savage foe. Now is the time to reinstate themselves, by a prompt return to duty. I appeal to them to stand by their country yet a little longer, and not to sully by desertion the bright and glorious reputation of the State, which they have helped to win on a hundred hard fought fields; and I appeal to all good and loyal citizens throughout the State to give their influence to induce these men to return. Let no one, unmoved by this appeal to his patriotism and honor, suppose that he can remain at home with impunity; the full power of the State authorities, aided if need be by the Confederacy, shall be put in force to arrest him and bring him to punishment after the 10th day of February next, and there shall be no rest for the deserter in the borders of North Carolina. And let none excuse their desertion by declaring that they go home to take care of their families; they will add nothing to the comforts of their families by hiding like guilty men in the woods by day, and by plundering their neighbors by night; they only bring shame and suffering upon the heads of the innocent, and their little children, when gray headed old men, will have the finger of scorn pointed at them and the bitter taunt will ring in their ears, "Your father skulked in the woods to keep from fighting for his country."

The State is now trying to provide food for your families, and each county is making a similar provision; and as your Chief Magistrate I promise you that the wife and child of the soldier who is in the army doing his duty shall share the last bushel of meal and the last pound of meat in the State. Let every patriot in the land assist this proclamation and our victorious ranks will again be filled, and our country soon be rid of the enemy.

In witness whereof, ZEBULON B. VANCE, our Governor, Captain General and Commander-in-Chief hath signed these presents and caused the great Seal of the State to be affixed.

[L. S.]

Done at our City of Raleigh, on the 26th day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1863. Z. B. VANCE.

By the Governor:
R. H. BATTLE, JR.,
Private Secretary.

Jan 28, 1863—d1w, cj3t

All weekly papers in the State copy three times, and dailies one week.

FOR SALE.

Five Hundred Acres of excellent Land, one hundred cleared bottom land, and under cultivation, on the South Fork of the Catawba River, the balance well wooded, and known as the Lonergan Place, somewhat improved and a desirable place, is offered for sale.

For terms, &c., apply to E. Lonergan, on the place, or to Dr. G. Caldwell, in Charlotte.

Jan. 27-d18t*.

☞ The Raleigh State Journal and the Columbia, S. C. Guardian, will copy the above five times and send their bills to this office for payment.

AUCTION SALES.

CARGO SALE OF IMPORTED GOODS.

BY R. A. PRINGLE,
137 Meeting Street,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
Jas. H. Taylor, Auctioneer.

On TUESDAY MORNING, February 3, 1863, commencing at 10 o'clock, will be sold,

GROCERIES.
17 boxes Forest City Adamantine Candles
13 bbls Lard
1 chest Tea, Green
50 chests Oolong Tea
8 cases Sardines, ½ and ¼ boxes
58 boxes Family Soap.

MEDICINES, DRUGS, &c.
350 lbs BLUE MASS
71 bbls Copperas
7 bbls and 1 box Cream Tartar Crystals
4 kegs Citric Acid
3 kegs and 1 cask Tartaric Acid
14 kegs Chlorate Potash
12 kegs Powdered Cream Tartar
250 boxes Extract Logwood
1 case Assafœtida
1 case Oil Bergamot
1 case Prot. Iodide Mercury
100 ounces Morphine.

SHOES AND LEATHER.
15 dozen CALF SKINS
5 cases and 2 trunks Men's, Boy's and Youths' SHOES.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
1 case Bel. Handles Knives and Forks
100 great gross Sewing Machine Needles
47 dozen Pen Knives.

DRY GOODS, &c.
57 great gross HOOKS AND EYES
34 dozen Felt Hats
5 bales White Flannel
100 Melton Jackets
150 Blanket Over Coats
150 pieces Colored and Mourning Prints
33 dozen Wool Hats
30 pair White Blankets
15 reams Sanders' Bank Note Paper
460 packs Pins (Black and White)
16 cases Spool Cotton (Black and White)
1 bale Blue Over-Shirts
3 bales Blue Twilled Flannel
6 bales Scarlet Flannel
4 lbs Red Sealing Wax
372 lbs. Shoe Thread
344 doz Ladies' & Gents' L C Hand'chiefs
13 great gross Agate Buttons
13 2-12 doxen Ivory Fine Combs
48 dozen Dressing Combs
72 dozen Bordered Hankerchiefs.

Jan 24, 1863—tw5t

Sale of Large Consignments of Valuable and Desirable Goods, direct from Nassau and England.

BY JAMES H. TAYLOR.

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th February, will be sold, in my Store,

131, Meeting Street,
CHARLESTON, S C.

A large assortment of GOODS, just received, among which are:
100 dozen Men's BROWN COTTON HALF HOSE, fine
100 dozen Men's Merino Half Hose, super
60 dozen Boy's Brown Half Hose
200 dozen Women's White Cotton Hose
4 cases English Longcloth, 27 inches
2 bales English Longcloth, 32 inches
2 cases Regatta Shirtings, 36 inches.
7 cases Madder Prints
60 pieces Fancy Prints, super set
60 pieces Solid Colored Ginghams
40 pieces Grey Chene and Mourning Delaine
16 pieces Black Broad cloth, 430 yards
20 dozen Men's White Merino Shirts
20 dozen Men's Colored Merio Shirts
20 dozen Men's White Linen Bosom Shirts
100 India Rubber Over Coats
60 India Rubber Over Coats, super
20 pieces Grey Tweeds
224 yards White Welch Flannel
290 dozen Clark's Spool Cotton
338 dozen Ryal's Spool Silk, assorted
3 pieces Black Italian Cloth
10 pieces Black Alpacas
20 pieces Black Silesias
1200 pounds White and Slate Shoe Thread
25 Tweed and Cloth Coats
30 Suits Tweed, &c.
100 gross Swan's Bill Hooks and Eyes
100 packages Pins
3500 Bar Iron, assorted
660 Cloth Brushes, No. 1
282 Cloth Brushes, No. 2
540 Polishing (Shoe) Brushes
600 Blacking Brushes
36 sets Shoe Brushes, 3 set
16 dozen Corn Brooms
1 barrel Linseed Oil, 38 gallons
225 pounds White Zinc Paint
106 pounds English White Lead
25 pounds Venetian Red
5 hhds. Sal Soda
5 barrels Sal Soda
10 casks superior Carbonate Soda
2 barrels Coperas
8 casks Coperas
7 cases Magnesia
112 lbs Gum Camphor
76 lbs Gum Opium
100 oz Quinine
112 lbs Calomel
712 lbs Blue Mass
50 ounces Strychnine
12 bags Allspice
8 bags Cloves
30 boxes Dark Brown Soap
50 boxes Light Family Soap
25 boxes Fancy Toilet Soap
200 doz Fancy Toilet Soap
12 boxes Super Soap
1 barrel Mace
200 gross Matches
1500 pounds Sole Leather
500 pair Women and children's Shoes
300 pair Men's Shoes
400 pounds Tallow
200 yards Elastic Webbing
30 gross ¾ Chenig, Web, 12 by 12
20 gross 1 Stout Web
20 gross 1½ Stout Web
20 gross 1¾ Heavy Web
16 gross Coburg Web
16 gross Round Edge Web
96 gross Plated Thimbles
40 doz Fine Ivory Combs
140 doz India Rubber Combs
7 boxes Oolong Tea
100 bounds fine Black Tea
300 Men's Tweed Hats
80 M. Needles
400 reams Copying Paper
22 dozen Hair Brooms
180 pieces Scotch Lining Muslin
Blue and Pink Tarlatans, Muslin Bands
Ladies' Black and White Silk Gloves
1000 feet of Leather Mill Banding, 3 to 9 inches
10 bbls. Extra No. 1 Glue
2 cases Calomel, 224 lbs, Howard's English
3 cases Oil Cinnamon
2 barrels Gum Ayphaltum
10 barrels No. 1 Tanners' Oil
25 gross super Shoe Blacking
50 dozen White Berlin Gloves
5 dozen fine Line Cambric Hdkfs.

Conditions cash.

Jan 24, 1863—tw6t

Negroes for Sale,

THE Executors of James W. Patton, deceased, will sell to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House in Asheville,

25 OR 30 NEGROES,

Male and Female. The sale will take place about noon Tuesday of Buncombe County Court, it being the

3d DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1863.

Asheville, Dec 29, 1862—30t

IMPERIAL TEA.

A small quantity of this most delicious Green Tea for sale by the single pound at the BOOKSTORE.

Jan. 17-d4t.

FOR SALE!

A large quantity of superior French Silk Elastic for Gaiters, and any quantity of best English Ball Shoe Thread.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.

January 26, 1863—dtf

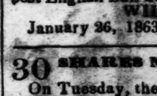
30 SHARES N. C. R. R. STOCK.

On Tuesday, the 10th of February, will be sold, at the Court House in Lexington, Thirty Shares of the above Stock, the property of Henry R. Dusenbery, deceased.

JAMES DUSENBERY,
J. P. STIMSON,
Executors.

Jan 26, 1863—d10t

SHOE MANUFACTURING.



SHOES and BOOTS, of all qualities, made to order, from Cow, Kip or genuine French Calf Skins, at WILLIAMS & GRAY'S.

Wanted, some Bristles of good quality.

Charlotte, Jan 24, 1863—tf

GUNNY BAGGING.

A superior lot of GUNNY BAGGING for sale by WILLIAMS & GRAY.

Jan 24, 1863—tf

WANTED.

Wanted, at the Medical Purveyor's Office, Charlotte, a large quantity of BOTTLES and VIALS, for which the highest prices will be paid.

JAS. T. JOHNSON,
Jan 24—tf Surg. & Med. Pur.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Just received a lot of Paris mixed fine soft HATS at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

December 11, 1862—tf

NEW BONNET RIBBONS.

New styles and assorted colors just received at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

December 11, 1862—tf

Watch and Clock Repairing

AND

JEWELRY MADE NEW.

SIKES & GRAY.

Having commenced the Watch making business in Charlotte, in the Parks Building, nearly opposite Kerrs Hotel, we will be found ready to repair Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.—Also, Engraving neatly and handsomely executed,

All work warrented for twelve months.

SIKES & GRAY.

January 4, 1863 1m

Valuable Property For Sale.

I WILL sell at auction at the Court House in Rutherfordton, on the second Monday in February, 1863, a two-thirds interest in that valuable.

COPPERAS MINE,

situated in the lower part of Rutherford county, near the Cleaveland line. This mine has been in most successful operation since August last, since which time some twenty thousand pounds of Copperas has been manufactured and sold at the rate of from sixty-five to seventy-five cents per pound. The mine is inexhaustable, and this sale offers capitalists a rare chance for investment.

At the same time and place will be sold two large and valuable STEAM ENGINES in good order. Also, several small tracts of land.

Also, two valuable lots in Rutherfordton, on Main street; one of them improved by a handsome two story dwelling house and office and out houses.

☞ L. F. Churchill of Rutherfordton, my attorney, will give any information required.

J. H. CARSON, Recever.

Jan. 10-dts.

FOR HIRE.

Two young healthy negro men. One of them is a fair shoemaker, the other has worked three months at the trade, would make a good dining room servant, attend to horses or work in a garden.

Also two negro women, for good homes. Terms moderate. Enquire at the Bulletin Office. Jan. 9th '63-dtf.

Lincolnton Female Seminary,

LINCOLNTON, N. C.

S. LANDER, A. M., PRINCIPAL.

MISS M. J. TUCKER,
MRS. C. ROSEMAN,
MISS A. M. HAGAN,
MRS. M. J. LANGDON,
MRS. L. A. LANDON,
} ASSISTANTS.

The Spring Session, 1863, will begin on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND, and close on Friday the 19th of June.

Charges Per Session.

Board, including fuel and washing, at $4 per week,	$80 00
Incidental Tax,	1 00
Regular Tuition, including Latin and Singing, from	$10 to 20 00
French,	10 00
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20 00
Use of Instrument,	2 50
Embroidery, Wax Fruit, Feathers, Flowers, each,	5 00

Pupils furnish their own candles, towels and toilet soap.

TERMS:—Seventy-five dollars required in advance; the balance at the end of the session. No deduction for absence unless in cases of serious illness.

The Town of Lincolnton has long been proverbial for its healthiness. It has daily Railroad communication with Charlotte, from which it is only two hours distant. For the benefit of pupils from sickly sections, our long vacation is in the winter.

Besides the necessary public rooms, the building furnishes accommodations for about sixty boarding pupils.

We pay very especial attention to the elementary branches of education. Every pupil of the School, however far advanced, is required to take Arithmetic, Spelling, Grammar, and Composition, as regular studies.

The fact that we have semiannual classes enables us to enforce a higher standard of scholarship than is usual in the best institutions conducted on the ordinary annual plan.

We send home at the middle and the end of each session a deportment, scholarship, and punctuality of each pupil.

The School is a private enterprise, being in no wise under the patronage or influence of any sect or denomination. Each pupil is allowed to attend Sunday School in her own church.

For further information, address the Principal. Jan 10, 1863—6w*

APPLES! APPLES!!

I have for sale a few Hundred Bushels of very fine APPLES. Apply at once to the subscriber at Morganton, N. C.

J. A. CLAYWELL.

January 20, 1863—1m

WANTED,

At the North Carolina Powder Mills, 10,000 White Oak and Chesnut STAVES of the following dimentions: 42 inches wide by 2 inches thick and 26 inches long.

S. W. DAVIS, Pres.

Charlotte, N. C., Nov 17, 1862—tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A LARGE SUPPLY constantly kept at the Manufactory, one door from the "Watchman Office," Salisbury.

Address JNO. A. BRADSHAW,
Dec 30, '62—1m* Salisbury, N. C.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

Having removed to the "Carson Buildings," one door above the Branch Bank, our friends will find us ready to attend to their requests or meet them socially.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.

Jan 2, 1863—tf

WILLIAMS & OATES

have this day associated with them in the Mercantile and Commission business,

LEWIS W. WILLIAMS.

The style of the firm will hereafter be WILLIAMS OATES & Co.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Williams & Oates will please call and settle up, as we wish to close our old business.

WILLIAMS & OATES.

Dec. 2-tf.

TO RENT.

That handsomely fitted up Store, known as China Hall, one of the best locations in Charlotte may be rented the ensuing year. For terms, &c., apply to Dr. HAYS.

Dec. 25, '62—tf.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF N. C. R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, Sept. 24, 1862.

Notice is hereby given to shippers and others interested that the tariff of freight rates on this Road will be raised twenty-five per cent, and the rates on passengers to five cents per mile, on and after the first day of October.

T. J. BUMNER, Eng'r & Supt.

Sept 26, 1862—dtf

STOCK FOR SALE.

25 SHARES of Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio R. R. Stock for sale.

Apply to M. L. WRISTON,
Oct. 8, '62-dtf. Treasurer.

MANUFACTURING TO ORDER.

Gentlemen's Strong Sewed BOOTS and SHOES, Scotch bottom.

Ladies' Calf Skin SHOES,
Servant women's Shoes,
Children's Shoes, pegged and sewed.

JOHN F. BUTT,
Dec 4—tf Mint street, Charlotte.

Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R.

THE charges on this Road must be prepaid or all Freights going to Stations on this Road where there are no Agents. All such freights will be delivered at said Stations at the owners risk.

A. H. MARTIN,
Freight Agent,
January 22, 1863—tf Charlotte.

APPEAL TO THE CHARITABLE.

The funds for the support of the Charlotte Wayside Hospital are exhausted. The Institution has been sustained during the past year under the supervision of the Board of Commissioners of the Town by donations from our citizens. During this time many sick and wounded soldiers have been taken care of and it is the desire of the Board still to offer aid to our suffering soldiers if our community will aid.

Contributions for the Hospital will be received at the Branch Bank.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1, 1862—tf Town Treas.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company, the oldest and most reliable company in the State, insures White persons to the extent of $5,000, and Slaves for two-thirds their market value.

Persons desiring to insure their own lives or their slaves will make application to the Agent at the Branch Bank, Charlotte.

THOS. W. DEWEY, Agent.

Jan 1, 1863—4m

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE AND 300 ACRES OF LAND,

LYING on the N. C. Railroad and Yadkin river, can be bought by applying to the subscriber in Salisbury. Possession given immediately.

JNO. A. BRADSHAW.

Dec 30, 1862—1m*

THE BULLETIN AND THE CATAWBA JOURNAL.

The circulation of the above named paper is rapidly increasing, and its influence as an advertising medium is being felt and appreciated by its patrons, having access to almost every neighborhood in this and adjoining Counties, as well as the adjoining Districts in South Carolina.

THE CATAWBA JOURNAL,

One of the largest papers now published in the State, mailed for $1.00 per annum, made up from the columns of the DAILY BULLETIN, has not only become a popular paper, but it affords great advantages to those who wish to use its columns as an advertising medium.

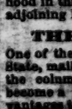
Specimen copies will be sent to any section they may be ordered, free of postage.

For terms, &c., we refer the reader to our imprint.

E. H. BRITTON.

J. S. PHILLIPS,

Merchant Tailor.



HAVING located in Charlotte respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

A complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, after the latest fashion.

Shop three doors South of the Mansion House.

sept. 19 tf

EXCHANGE NOTICE, No. 4.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 10, 1863.

The following officers and men have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared.

1. All officers and men captured in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida and South Carolina, up to December 10th, 1862.

2. All officers and men captured in Missouri, Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Arkansas and Louisiana, up to January 1st, 1863.

3. The two foregoing sections apply not to officers and men of the Confederate service, but also to all persons captured in arms or hostile array against the United States, whatever may have been the character of the military organizations to which they were attached, and whatever may have been the terms of the parole given by them. If any are in Federal prisons, they are to be immediately released, and delivered to the Confederate authorities.

5. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at City Point up to January 6th, 1863.

6. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at Vicksburg up to Dec. 23d, 1862, and including said date.

7. All paroled Confederate officers and men receipted for at Vicksburg up to Dec. 23d, 1862, and including said date.

8. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Fredericksburg, Va., in December, 1862.

9. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Goldsboro', N. C., in December, 1862.

10. Other miscellaneous and minor exchanges, of which the appropriate officers will be duly informed.

ROBERT OULD,
Jan 14-dt Agent of Exchange.